

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

FOR THE YEAR ENDED MAY 31, 2022

233 East Center Drive, P.O. Box 416 Alton, Illinois 62002 (618) 465-7717 Fax (618) 465-7710



80 Edwardsville Professional Park Edwardsville, Illinois 62025 (618) 656-2146 Fax (618) 656-2147

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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Trustees Glen Carbon Fire Protection District

#### **Opinions**

We have audited the accompanying modified cash basis financial statements of the governmental activities and the major fund of the Glen Carbon Fire Protection District ("District"), as of and for the year ended May 31, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective modified cash basis financial position of the governmental activities and the major fund of the District as of May 31, 2022, and the respective changes in modified cash basis financial position for the year then ended in accordance with the modified cash basis of accounting described in Note 1.

#### **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Glen Carbon Fire Protection District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### Emphasis of Matter—Basis of Accounting

We draw attention to Note 1 of the financial statements, which describes the basis of accounting. The financial statements are prepared on the modified cash basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

#### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with the modified cash basis of accounting described in Note 1, and for determining that the modified cash basis of accounting is an acceptable basis for the preparation of the financial statements in the circumstances. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material



misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
  procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
  opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is
  expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

#### Other Matters

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information is comprised of the budgetary comparison information but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the basic financial statements does not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

C- 9- Sollsson / Comp. 44. C. Certified Public Accountants

Alton, Illinois

August 7, 2023

### GLEN CARBON FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

This section of the Glen Carbon Fire Protection District's (District) financial report presents our discussion and analysis of the District's financial performance during the fiscal year ended May 31, 2022. Please read it in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which follow this section.

#### **OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

This annual report consists of three parts: 1) management's discussion and analysis (this section), 2) the basic financial statements, and 3) other information.

#### **Basic Financial Statements:**

#### Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all of the District's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event affects cash flows.

Both of the government-wide financial statements report the functions of the District that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues. The District's sole function is considered that of governmental activities.

The government-wide financial statements can be found in the far right column of pages 7 and 9 of this report.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The District is comprised of one governmental fund.

Governmental fund. Governmental fund statements report how general government services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending. The District maintains one general governmental fund. The governmental fund statements can be found in the first column of pages 7 and 9 of this report.

### GLEN CARBON FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)

#### Reconciliation of the government-wide financial statements to fund financial statements

The amounts reported in the fund financial statements differ from the government-wide financial statements due to the method of recognizing assets and liabilities. Capital outlay is expensed in the fund financial statements whereas it is capitalized and depreciated in the government-wide financial statements. In addition, outstanding debt is reported in the government-wide financial statements whereas debt proceeds are shown as other financing sources and the principal payments are recorded as expense in the fund financial statements.

#### Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 11 to 21 of this report.

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### **Net Position**

Over time, net position may serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. At May 31, 2022, the District's assets exceeded liabilities by \$4,463,456.

	<u>2022</u>	<u>%</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>%</u>
Fund Balance/Net Position				
Unrestricted	\$ 1,870,691	0.419	\$ 1,987,099	0.441
Net Investment in Capital Assets	2,592,765	<u>0.581</u>	2,516,069	0.559
	\$ 4,463,456	1.000	\$ 4,503,168	1.000

A portion of this balance, \$1,870,691, is unrestricted and available to use as the District desires. The unrestricted balance decreased \$116,408 from the prior year. The remainder of the District's net position reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g. land, building, vehicles and equipment). The District uses these capital assets to provide fire protection services to the citizens; consequently these assets are not available for future spending. Total net position decreased in the current year by \$39,712 to an ending balance of \$4,463,456.

### GLEN CARBON FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)

#### Changes in Cash Receipts

The following is a comparison of District cash receipts for the last two years.

	<u>2022</u>	<u>%</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>%</u>
Property Taxes	\$ 2,553,324	0.793	\$ 2,433,977	0.756
Intergovernmental	46,662	0.014	38,733	0.012
Charges for Services	577,044	0.179	426,436	0.132
Investment Earnings	1,397	0.000	12,258	0.004
Gain (Loss) on Asset Disposal	30,010	0.009	40,000	0.012
Miscellaneous	10,999	0.003	6,141	0.002
	\$ 3,219,436	1.000	\$ 2,957,545	0.919

The District reported increases for property taxes and intergovernmental taxes. Investment income decreased due to spending down the cash balances from the bond issue that were spent to pay construction costs and to lower interest rates. The District sold a 2012 ambulance that was not fully depreciated in the current year.

#### Changes in Expenditures

The following is a comparison of District expenditures for the last two years.

	<u>2022</u>	<u>%</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>%</u>
Personal Services	\$ 1,867,222	0.560	\$ 1,632,866	0.459
Contractual Services	555,703	0.167	581,336	0.163
Materials and Supplies	163,365	0.049	313,534	0.088
Debt Service	460,794	0.138	670,405	0.189
Capital Outlay	288,760	0.087	358,169	<u>0.101</u>
	\$ 3,335,844	1.000	\$ 3,556,310	1.000

Expenditures decreased by \$220,466 from the prior year. The largest category of expenditures is related to personal services which includes salaries, payroll taxes, retirement payments and health insurance.

#### **CAPITAL ASSETS**

The District expended \$288,760 on fire protection and ambulance capital outlay. The additions were primarily comprised of a new ambulance and miscellaneous other equipment. Depreciation expense on the District's capital assets was \$386,960 for the period ended May 31, 2022. See Note 4 of the financial statements for additional information related to capital assets.

### GLEN CARBON FIRE PROTECTION DISTRICT MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)

#### **DEBT**

The overall debt balances decreased by \$306,176 due to normal debt maturity payments. Additional information related to the debt of the District can be found in Note 5 of the financial statements.

#### **BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS**

The District approved an appropriation ordinance which provides the budgetary amounts reported in the financial statements. The appropriations ordinance is presented on the modified cash basis of accounting. The appropriations were approved for \$5,125,957 of which the District only spent \$3,335,844 in the current period using the modified cash basis of accounting.

#### REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Glen Carbon Fire Protection District's finances for all those with an interest in the District's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for financial information should be addressed to the Glen Carbon Fire Protection District, PO Box 254, Glen Carbon, Illinois, 62034.

# STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AND STATEMENT OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES ARISING FROM MODIFIED CASH BASIS TRANSACTIONS - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS MAY 31, 2022

	General Fund		Adjustments (See Page 8)		Statement of Net Position	
<u>Assets</u>						
Cash and Cash Equivalents Advance Payment	\$	1,872,014 3,370	\$	-	\$	1,872,014 3,370
Capital Assets:						
Land		-		383,676		383,676
Buildings and Improvements		-		7,052,951		7,052,951
Equipment		-		1,428,071		1,428,071
Vehicles		_		2,804,485		2,804,485
Accumulated Depreciation		<u>-</u>	_	(4,172,808)		(4,172,808)
Total Assets	_	1,875,384		7,496,375	_	9,371,759
<u>Liabilities</u>						
Payroll Withholdings		4,693		-		4,693
Noncurrent Liabilities:						
Due Within One Year		-		305,906		305,906
Due in More Than One Year	_	<u>-</u>		4,597,704		4,597,704
Total Liabilities	_	4,693		4,903,610		4,908,303
Fund Balance/Net Position						
Fund Balance/Net Position:						
Unrestricted	_	1,870,691		-		1,870,691
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	<u>\$</u>	1,875,384				
Net Investment in Capital Assets				2,592,765		2,592,765
Total Net Position			_	2,592,765	\$	4,463,456
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#### RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES, AND FUND BALANCES ARISING FROM MODIFIED CASH BASIS TRANSACTIONS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION MAY 31, 2022

Amounts reported for governmental fund balances are different because:

Fund balances - total governmental funds	\$	1,870,691
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported on the statement of assets, liabilities, and fund balances of the governmental funds.		7,496,375
Long-term debt used in governmental activities are not reported on the statement of assets, liabilities, and fund balances of the governmental funds.	_	(4,903,610)
Net position of governmental activities	<u>\$</u>	4,463,456

#### STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES AND STATEMENT OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES ARISING FROM MODIFIED CASH BASIS TRANSACTIONS - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MAY 31, 2022

	General Fund	Adjustments (See Page 10)	Statement of Activities
Cash Receipts	e 0.552.204	<b>ድ</b>	P 2 552 224
Property Taxes Replacement Tax	\$ 2,553,324	\$ -	\$ 2,553,324
•	18,594	-	18,594
2% Foreign Fire Tax	28,068	-	28,068
Charges for Services	577,044	-	577,044
Interest Income	1,397	(121.200)	1,397
Gain (Loss) on Sale of Assets	30,010	(131,280)	(101,270)
Miscellaneous	10,999		10,999
Total Revenues	3,219,436	(131,280)	3,088,156
Expenditures/Expenses:			
Fire Protection:			
Current:			
Personal Services	1,867,222	-	1,867,222
Contractual Services	555,703	_	555,703
Materials and Supplies	163,365	-	163,365
Depreciation	· <u>-</u>	386,960	386,960
Debt Service:			
Principal	306,176	(306,176)	-
Interest and Costs	154,618	_	154,618
Capital Outlay	288,760	(288,760)	-
Total Expenditures/Expenses	3,335,844	(207,976)	3,127,868
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	(116,408)	76,696	(39,712)
Fund Balances/Net Position:			
Beginning of the Year	1,987,099	2,516,069	4,503,168
End of the Year	\$ 1,870,691	\$ 2,592,765	\$ 4,463,456

# RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES ARISING FROM MODIFIED CASH BASIS TRANSACTIONS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED MAY 31, 2022

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds

\$ (116,408)

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of revenues and expenditures arising from cash transactions, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation expense (\$386,960) and loss on disposals exceeds current year capital additions (\$288,760) in the current year.

(229,480)

The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts and similar items when debt is issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of revenues and expenditures arising from cash transactions. This amount is the net effect of those differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.

306,176

Change in net position of governmental activities

\$ (39,712)

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MAY 31, 2022

#### NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the Glen Carbon Fire Protection District (the District) have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. These financial statements are presented in accordance with GASB 34. The more significant of the District's accounting policies are described below.

#### The financial reporting entity

The District's combined financial statements include the accounts of all District operations. The criteria for including organizations as component units within the District's reporting entity, as set forth in Section 2100 of GASB's <u>Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards</u>, include whether:

- the organization is legally separate (can sue and be sued in their own name)
- the District holds the corporate powers of the organization
- the District appoints a voting majority of the organization's board
- the District is able to impose its will on the organization
- the organization has the potential to impose a financial benefit/burden on the District
- there is fiscal dependency by the organization on the District

The District is unaware of any organization that should be included as a component unit of the District. In addition, the District does not consider itself to be a component unit of any other government.

#### Government-wide and fund financial statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of changes in net position) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the government. The District is comprised of only governmental activities, which are supported mainly by taxes and intergovernmental revenues.

The statement of activities demonstrates to the degree to which the expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues and taxes.

The government reports all its financial activity in one general operating fund.

#### Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation

The government-wide and governmental fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the modified cash basis of accounting. Accordingly, receipts are recorded when cash is received and disbursements are recorded when checks are written. Only assets representing a right to receive cash arising from a previous payment of cash are recorded as assets of a fund. In the same manner, only liabilities resulting from previous cash transactions are recorded as liabilities of a particular fund.

#### Assets, liabilities, and net position:

#### Deposits and investments

The District's cash and cash equivalents are comprised of checking accounts. Cash and cash equivalents are deposits or short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less. Deposits and investments are reported at fair value.

The District is authorized by state statute to invest in obligations of the United States of America, insured interest bearing accounts of banks, savings and loan associations or credit unions, certain short-term obligations of corporations organized in the United States, money market mutual funds that invest in obligations of the United States of America or its agencies or are guaranteed by the full faith and credit of the United States of America.

#### Capital assets

Capital assets, which include property, and equipment, are reported in the governmental activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. The government defines capital assets as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$1,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Property and equipment are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Years</u>
30 - 40 5 - 20

#### Equity classification

#### Government-wide statements

Equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

- a. Net investment in capital assets Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.
- b. Restricted net position Consists of net position with constraints placed on the use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- c. Unrestricted net position Remaining balance of net position that does not meet the definition of "restricted" or "invested in capital assets, net of related debt."

#### Fund financial statements

Governmental fund equity is classified upon the following criteria:

Nonspendable - balances that are not in "spendable" form and are not expected to be converted to cash. This category also includes funds required to be retained in perpetuity.

Restricted - balances with restrictions that are either externally imposed by creditors or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed - balances that are to be only used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the District's Board, the government's highest level of decision-making authority.

Assigned - balances that are constrained by the government's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed.

Unassigned - the residual classification of the District's fund balance.

When expenditures are incurred for which the District has both restricted and unrestricted funds available, the District spends any restricted funds before using unrestricted sources. Likewise, the District uses committed, assigned and then unassigned balances, in that order, when spending amounts for which all three categories are available.

#### Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results may differ from those estimates.

#### Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; thefts of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions and natural disasters for which the District carries commercial insurance. There have been no significant reductions in coverage from the prior year and settlements have not exceeded coverages in the past three years.

#### Subsequent Events

The District has evaluated events occurring after the financial statement date through August 7, 2023 in order to determine their potential for recognition or disclosure in the financial statements. The latter date is the same date the financial statements were available to be issued.

#### NOTE 2: BUDGETARY AND LEGAL COMPLIANCE

Appropriation budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with the modified cash basis of accounting. Annual appropriated budgets are adopted for the General Fund. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year.

On July 27, 2021, the District approved an ordinance adopting the appropriation which is the budgetary data reflected in these financial statements. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General Fund.

#### NOTE 3: CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

As of May 31, 2022, the carrying amount of the District's cash and cash equivalents was \$1,872,014 and the respective bank balances totaled \$1,880,881. The entire balance was either insured through the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation (FDIC) or collateralized.

#### NOTE 4: <u>CAPITAL ASSETS</u>

Capital asset activity for the period ended May 31, 2022 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	<u>Deletions</u>	Ending Balance
Governmental activities:				
Capital assets, not being depreciated				
Land	\$ 383,676	<u>\$</u> -	<u>-</u>	\$ 383,676
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Buildings and improvements	7,052,951	-	-	7,052,951
Vehicles	2,830,475	242,345	268,335	2,804,485
Equipment	1,381,656	46,415	-	1,428,071
Total capital assets being depreciated	11,265,082	288,760	268,335	11,285,507
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings and improvements	1,083,350	181,889	_	1,265,239
Vehicles	1,787,146	123,449	137,055	1,773,540
Equipment	1,052,407	81,622	-	1,134,029
Total accumulated depreciation	3,922,903	386,960	137,055	4,172,808
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	7,342,179	(98,200)	131,280	7,112,699
Governmental activities capital assets, net	<u>\$ 7,725,855</u>	\$ (98,200)	<u>\$131,280</u>	\$ 7,496,375

Buildings, vehicles and equipment are depreciated using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives. Depreciation expense for the year ended May 31, 2022 was \$386,960.

#### NOTE 5: LONG-TERM DEBT

The following is a summary of long-term debt transactions of the District for the year ended May 31, 2022:

Payable June 1, 2021	\$ 5,209,786
Additions	
Retirements	306,176
Payable May 31, 2022	<u>\$ 4,903,610</u>

The long-term debt at May 31, 2022 is comprised of the following note payable:

The District issued General Obligation Bonds (Alternate Revenue Source), Series 2018 in the amount of \$6,000,000 on August 21, 2018. The bonds are being used to construct, furnish, and equip a new fire station and demolish the existing station. The bonds will be retired by annual principal installments through December 1, 2038, including interest at 2.44% to 2.74%. The balance at the end of the year was \$4,897,704.

The District entered into a lease purchase agreement with Flex Financial dated August 14, 2019. The agreement provided \$22,942 for the purchase of a MTS Power Load. The lease purchase agreement is to be retired by 4 annual payments of \$6,279 on August 20 through 2022, including interest at 6.12%. The related equipment is being held as security for the loan. Upon default of the loan, the lender has the right to declare the balance immediately due, repossess the security, increase the interest rate on the loan, or take legal action to make collection. The balance at the end of the year was \$5,906.

The annual requirements to amortize the debt outstanding as of May 31, 2022, including interest of \$1,064,236, are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended		Government	al A	ctivities
May 31,	P	Principal		Interest
2023	\$	305,906	\$	119,892
2024		300,000		112,199
2025		300,000		104,879
2026		300,000		97,559
2027		300,000		90,239
2028-2032		1,500,000		347,990
2033-2037		1,500,000		177,870
2036-2039		397,704	_	13,608
	\$	4,903,610	\$	1,064,236

#### NOTE 6: RETIREMENT FUND COMMITMENTS

#### Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund

Plan Description. The District's defined benefit pension plan for regular employees provides retirement and disability benefits, post retirement increases, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. The Plan is affiliated with the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF), an agent multiple-employer plan. Benefit provisions are established by statute and may only be changed by the General Assembly of the State of Illinois. IMRF issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. The report may be obtained on-line at <a href="https://www.imrf.org">www.imrf.org</a>.

Funding Policy. As set by statute, members are required to contribute 4.50 percent of their annual covered salary. The statute requires employers to contribute the amount necessary, in addition to member contributions, to finance the retirement coverage of its own employees. The employer annual required contribution rate for calendar year 2021 was 5.07 percent. The employer also contributes for disability benefits, death benefits and supplemental retirement benefits, all of which are pooled at the IMRF level. Contribution rates for disability and death benefits are set by the IMRF Board of Trustees, while the supplemental retirement benefits rate is set by statute.

Covered Employees. The following types of employees comprise the membership of the plan.

Retirees and Beneficiaries	0
Inactive, non-Retired Members	7
Active Members	<u>14</u>
Total	<u>21</u>

Discount Rate. GASB Statement No. 68 includes a specific requirement for the discount rate that is used for the purpose of the measurement of the Total Pension Liability. This rate considers the ability of the fund to meet benefit obligations in the future. To make this determination, employer contributions, employee contributions, benefit payments, expenses and investment returns are projected into the future. The Plan Net Position (assets) in future years can then be determined and compared to its obligation to make benefit payments in those years. As long as assets are projected to be on hand in a future year, the assumed valuation discount rate is used. In years where assets are not projected to be sufficient to meet benefit payments, the use of a "risk-free" rate is required, as described in the following paragraph.

The Single Discount Rate (SDR) is equivalent to applying these two rates to the benefits that are projected to be paid during the different time periods. The SDR reflects (1) the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments (during the period in which the fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to pay benefits) and (2) tax-exempt municipal bond rate based on an index of 20-year general obligation bonds with an average AA credit rating (which is published by the Federal Reserve) as of the measurement date (to the extent that the contributions for use with the long-term expected rate of return are not met).

For the purpose of this valuation, the expected rate of return on pension plan investments is 7.25%; the municipal bond rate is 1.84%; and the resulting single discount rate is 7.25%.

Actuarial Valuation Date	12/31/21
Measurement Date of the Net Pension Liability	12/31/21
Fiscal Year End	05/31/22
Development of the Single Discount Rate as of December 31, 2021	
Long-Term Expected Rate of Investment Return	7.25%
Long-Term Municipal Bond Rate	1.84%
Last year ending December 31 in the 2022 to 2121 projection period	
for which projected benefit payments are fully funded	2121
Resulting Single Discount Rate based on the above development	7.25%
Single Discount Rate calculated using December 31, 2020 Measurement Date	7.25%

The Long-Term Municipal Bond Rate is based on Fidelity Index's "20-Year Municipal GO AA Index" as of December 31, 2021.

Actuarial Assumptions. The following are the actuarial assumptions used in the calculation of the net pension liability.

Asset Valuation Method

Market Value of Assets

Price Inflation

2.25%

Salary Increases

2.85% to 13.75%

Investment Rate of Return 7.25%

Retirement Age

Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility condition. Last updated for the 2020 valuation pursuant to an experience

study of the period 2017-2019.

Mortality

For non-disabled retirees, the Pub-2010, Amount-Weighted, belowmedian income, General, Retiree, Male (adjusted 106%) and Female (adjusted 105%) tables, and future mortality improvements projected using scale MP-2020. For disabled retirees, the Pub-2010, Amount-Weighted, below-median income, General, Disabled Retiree, Male and Female (both unadjusted) tables, and future mortality improvements projected using scale MP-2020. For active members, the Pub-2010, Amount-Weighted, below-median income, General, Employee, Male and Female (both unadjusted) tables, and future mortality improvements

projected using scale MP-2020.

Net Pension Liability. The following is a summary of the Net Pension Liability as shown as a liability in the financial statements.

Total pension liability		
Service Cost	\$	82,659
Interest on the Total Pension Liability		77,818
Changes of benefit terms		-
Difference between expected and actual experience		
of the Total Pension Liability		(98,758)
Changes of assumptions		•
Benefit payments, including refunds		
of employee contributions		(17,424)
Net change in total pension liability	\$	44,295
Total pension liability - beginning		1,040,728
Total pension liability - ending	\$	1,085,023
Plan fiduciary net position		
Contributions - employer	\$	46,651
Contributions - employee		42,753
Net investment income		179,370
Benefit payments, including refunds		
of employee contributions		(17,424)
Other	·	(17,650)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	\$	233,700
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		1,188,343
Plan fiduciary net position - ending	\$	1,422,043
Net pension liability/(asset)	<u>\$</u>	(337,020)
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage		
of the total pension liability		131.06%
Covered valuation payroll	\$	1,027,490
Net pension liability as a percentage		-32.80%
of covered valuation payroll		

To report the sensitivity of the net pension liability to the selected discount rate, the following table displays the variation given a 1% increase or decrease.

	Current Single					
	Discount Rate					
	1% Decrease Assumption			1% Increase		
		<u>6.25%</u>		<u>7.25%</u>		<u>8.25%</u>
Total Pension Liability	\$	1,276,356	\$	1,085,023	\$	974,853
Plan Fiduciary Net Position		1,422,043		1,422,043		1,422,043
Net Pension Liability/(Asset)	<u>\$</u>	(145,687)	\$	(337,020)	<u>\$</u>	(447,190)

Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources by Source to be recognized in Future Pension Expenses. The following tables display the amount of deferred inflows and outflows related to the net pension liability and the future periods that these deferrals will affect the financial statements.

Difference between expected and actual experience Changes in assumptions Subsequent employer contributions Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments Total	Deferred Outflows of Resources \$ 37,289 21,346 17,844	Deferred Inflows of Resources \$ 184,352 29,072
	Year Ending December 31, 2022	Net Deferred Inflows of Resources \$ (46,249)
	2023 2024 2025 2026 Thereafter	(63,040) (48,628) (37,667) (19,417) (57,704)
		\$ (272,705)

#### NOTE 7: PROPERTY TAXES

The District's property tax is levied each year on all taxable real property located in the District on or before the last Tuesday in December. The Board of Trustees passed the 2021 levy on October 26, 2021. Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1 and are payable in four installments. The County had not mailed tax bills as of May 31, 2022. Past mailing practices of the County have generally been subsequent to May 31 of each year. The District begins to receive significant distributions of tax receipts in June of each year.

The following are the tax rates applicable to the various levies per \$100 of assessed valuation:

	Maximum	Maximum Levy Year		
	Rate	2021	<u>2020</u>	2019
Tax Rate:				
General	\$.3000	\$ .2976	\$ .2931	\$ .2872
Insurance		.0364	0357	.0350
Ambulance	.3000	2976	2931	2872
		\$.6316	\$.6219	\$.6094
Assessed Valuations	<u>\$</u>	426,227,783	\$ 412,615,611	\$ 400,907,563
Tax Extension		<u>\$ 2,692,055</u>	<u>\$ 2,566,056</u>	\$ 2,443,112
Tax Collections		<u>\$</u>	\$ 2,553,300	\$ 2,433,949
Percent Collected		<u> %</u>	<u>99.50%</u>	<u>99.62%</u>

## REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - GENERAL FUND (MODIFIED CASH BASIS) FOR THE YEAR ENDED MAY 31, 2022

	Budgeted Amounts				Actual (Budget Basis)	
	Original Final					
Cash Receipts:						<del></del>
Property Taxes	\$ 2,56	5,753	\$	2,565,753	\$	2,553,324
Corporate Personal Property	Ψ 2,50	3,733	Ψ	2,505,755	Ф	2,333,324
Replacement Taxes	10	0,000		10,000		18,594
2% Foreign Fire Tax		8,000		28,000		28,068
Charges for Services		5,000		475,000		577,044
Interest Income		3,000		13,000		1,397
Sale of Assets		-		,		30,010
Miscellaneous	4	6,650		46,650		10,999
Total Cash Receipts		8,403		3,138,403		3,219,436
Cash Disbursements:						
Current:						
Administrative:						
Contractual Services:						
Education and Training	4	3,500		43,500		33,683
Fire Chief and Assistants Meeting		500		500		407
IAFPD Dues and Indemnity Fund		200		200		723
Janitorial Services	1	0,500		10,500		6,430
MCFA Dues and Death Assessments		2,000		2,000		1,381
Printing, Postage, Bank Fee, Box Rental		600		600		387
Publications		5,000		5,000		2,910
MCFA Meeting		-		-		-
Public Education		5,000		5,000		5,309
Software Licensing		2,500		22,500		17,651
Payroll Service		0,000		10,000		13,231
Employee Awards/Recognition	1	0,000		10,000		4,361
Child Passenger Seat		250		250		-
Annual Dues/IFFFA/Haz Mat/Code Red/MABAS		2,500		2,500		901
Bank Fees		1,000		1,000		358
Billing Services		10,000		40,000		25,848
Dispatch Services	2	20,185		20,185		20,185
Audits		5,000		5,000		4,200
Materials and Services:						
Office Furniture, Equipment and Supplies	1	3,000		13,000		3,287

## REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - GENERAL FUND (MODIFIED CASH BASIS) FOR THE YEAR ENDED MAY 31, 2022

	Budgeted A	Actual (Budget	
	Original	Final	Basis)
Cash Disbursements:			
Current:			
Ambulance/Fire Equipment Expense:			
Contractual Services:			
Annual Inspections & Maintenance/Licensing	25,000	25,000	15,822
Building Repairs	25,000	25,000	20,459
Grass Cutting, Landscaping and Snow Removal	35,000	35,000	28,148
Heating & Electricity	30,000	30,000	29,802
Medical Expenses for Firefighters	12,500	12,500	9,825
Radio Communications Service/Repairs	8,000	8,000	1,267
Equipment Repairs	70,000	70,000	84,214
Water and Sewer	2,000	2,000	1,519
Annual Maintenance & Pump Testing	13,000	13,000	18,333
Hose Testing	4,000	4,000	4,928
Starcom Airway Fee	25,000	25,000	26,697
Voice, Cable & Internet	22,500	22,500	18,153
Web Page, Email & Hosting	10,000	10,000	622
Materials and Supplies:			
EMS Supplies	25,000	25,000	25,704
Uniforms and Apparel	62,000	62,000	26,779
Gasoline, Oil and Grease	27,000	27,000	34,573
Miscellaneous Equipment & Supplies	40,000	40,000	63,083
Fire Hose	5,000	5,000	75
Computer Equipment and Supplies	35,000	35,000	14,738
Small Tools & Equipment	17,500	17,500	20,555
Salary/Payroll and Benefits			
Personal Services:			
Payroll - FF & EMTP	1,425,000	1,425,000	1,265,494
Chief/EMS Director Salary	90,000	90,000	90,000
Administrative Assistant Salary	78,000	78,000	76,000
Trustees' Salaries	11,250	11,250	11,250
Payroll Taxes	120,000	120,000	132,101
Retirement Plan	60,000	60,000	49,889
Health and Life Insurance	175,000	175,000	242,488
Contractual Services:	,	•	•
Legal Fees	17,000	17,000	7,305

# REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - GENERAL FUND (MODIFIED CASH BASIS) FOR THE YEAR ENDED MAY 31, 2022

	Budgeted	Actual (Budget	
	Original	Final	Basis)
Cash Disbursements:			
Current:			
Insurance Expense:			
Contractual Services:			
Bonds	510	510	765
Liability and Property Insurance	43,000	43,000	46,150
Worker's Compensation Insurance	103,490	103,490	107,729
Contingency	129,472	129,472	-
Debt Payment - Ambulance/Equipment	-	-	6,279
Debt Payment - Fire Station	1,150,000	1,150,000	454,515
Capital Outlay:			
Accessories & Equipment for Fire Truck/Ambulance	105,000	105,000	2,163
Communication Equipment & Siren Purchase	40,000	40,000	14,823
Fire Apparatus/Ambulance Acquisition	343,000	343,000	242,345
Property/Building Additions	550,000	550,000	
Total Cash Disbursements	5,125,957	5,125,957	3,335,844
Excess (Deficiency) of Receipts Over Disbursements	\$ (1,987,554)	\$ (1,987,554)	(116,408)
No change for modified cash basis			
Per the Statement of Activities and Statement of Revenues and Expenditures Arising From Modified Cash Basis Transac	ctions		<u>\$ (116,408)</u>